Please delete the run-over paragraph at page 42, lines 3-25 and page 43, lines 1-7, and replace with the following replacement paragraph, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.121(b):

The amino acid sequences of the full-length human chemokines SDF-1α and SDF-1β (hSDF- 1α and hSDF-1\beta, GenSeq accession numbers R75419 and R75420) are provided as SEQ ID NO:s 1 and 2, respectively, and SEQ ID NO:s 3 and 4 are the nucleotide sequences of cDNA molecules encoding hSDF-1a and hSDF-1β (GeneSeq accession numbers Q74089 and Q74091). The amino acid sequences of the mature hSDF-1a and hSDF-1b proteins begin at amino acid 22 (lysine) in both SEQ ID NO:1 and SEQ ID NO:2. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with hSDF-1α or hSDF-1β cDNA as a template was used to make expression constructs encoding mature hSDF-1 a and hSDF- 1β proteins, or mature hSDF- 1α and hSDF- 1β proteins fused to the C-terminus of an expression/purification accessory sequence such as GroHEK (SEQ ID NO:5, AAKDVKHHHHHHGSGSDDDDK). Cloning NdeI/XbaI-restricted hSDF-1α, hSDF-1β, GroHEK/hSDF-1α, and GroHEK/hSDF-1β PCR products (generally referred to as the hSDF-1 PCR products) into the E. coli expression vector pAL781 (LaVallie et al., 1993, Biotechnology (NY) 11: 187-193) fused the hSDF-1 PCR products in-frame to an ATG codon which serves as the translation initiation codon, producing the four coding sequences shown as SEQ ID NO:6 - SEQ ID NO:9. When $hSDF-1\alpha$ and $hSDF-1\beta$ are expressed from these vectors, the resulting proteins have a methionine residue attached to the N-terminus of the mature hSDF-1 α or hSDF-1 β protein; these proteins are referred to as met-hSDF-1 α and met-hSDF-1 β and have the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:10 and SEQ ID NO:11, respectively. Similarly, when GroHEK/hSDF-1α and Gro HEK/hSDF-1β are expressed from these vectors, the resulting proteins have the GroHEK peptide

